Department of Fish and Game, Office of Spill Prevention and Response

Investigations of Improper Activities by State Employees, July 2008 Through December 2008

ALLEGATION 12006-1125 (REPORT NUMBER 12009-1), APRIL 2009

Department of Fish and Game's response as of October 2009

A high-level official formerly with the Office of Spill Prevention and Response (spill office) of the Department of Fish and Game (Fish and Game), incurred \$71,747 in improper travel expenses she was not entitled to receive.

Finding #1: The official routinely claimed expenses to which she was not entitled, and other spill office officials allowed the official to receive reimbursements for travel expenses that violated state regulations.

From October 2003 through March 2008, Official A, a high-level official who subsequently left the spill office, improperly claimed \$71,747 for commute and other expenses incurred near her home and headquarters. Specifically, for more than four years, Official A improperly claimed expenses associated with commuting between her residence and her headquarters, in violation of state regulations that disallow such expenses. Throughout the period we investigated, Official A resided in Southern California. Documents from Official A's personnel files and records from the State Controller's Office indicate that her official headquarters was in Sacramento. In addition, Official A was assigned office space in Sacramento and a state-issued cell phone with a Sacramento area code, and she regularly worked in the Sacramento spill office. However, Official A also claimed she worked from her residence—a practice that spill office officials apparently allowed—in an effort to legitimize expenses that otherwise she was not entitled to incur. Despite her claims, we found no legitimate business reason that required Official A to work from her home. The table summarizes the improper expenses that Official A claimed.

TableImproper Travel Expenses Official A Claimed From October 2003 Through
March 2008

TYPE OF IMPROPER EXPENSE	AMOUNT
Commute expenses for trips between residence and headquarters	\$45,233
Commute-related parking and other expenses	7,608
Lodging within 50 miles of headquarters	10,286
Meals and incidentals incurred within 50 miles of headquarters	6,970
Lodging within 50 miles of residence	486
Meals and incidentals incurred within 50 miles of residence	236
Other improper expenses	928
Total	\$71,747

Source: Bureau of State Audits' analysis of Official A's travel expense claims, vehicle logs, and flight records.

Investigative Highlights...

An official with the Department of Fish and Game (Fish and Game) claimed travel expenses to which she was not entitled:

- » The official improperly claimed travel expenses associated with commuting between her residence and headquarters for more than four years.
- » The official contended that as a condition of her employment, another former high level official with the Office of Spill Prevention and Response allowed her to work from her home, identify it as her headquarters, and claim expenses when traveling to Sacramento.
- » Fish and Game staff never questioned the official about the actual location of her headquarters even though for the vast majority of the travel expense claims submitted, the official listed her residential address and wrote "same" for her headquarters address.

We determined that Official A improperly claimed \$52,841 for expenses related to traveling between her home and headquarters (commute expenses). These expenses consisted of \$45,233 for flights between Sacramento and Southern California, \$6,922 in parking expenses, and \$686 for other commute-related expenses.

State travel regulations allow employees to seek reimbursement for parking expenses when going on travel assignments as part of their state duties; however, the trips we identified were part of Official A's commute. In addition, violating prohibitions in a state regulation, Official A improperly claimed \$17,978 in lodging and meal expenses incurred within 50 miles of her home or headquarters. Furthermore, for 21 months during the period we reviewed, Official A improperly claimed \$928 for Internet services at her residence.

Official A contended that as a condition of her employment, a former high-level official with the spill office, Official B, allowed her to work from her home, identify it as her headquarters, and claim expenses when traveling to Sacramento. She therefore asserted that she was allowed to use state vehicles or state funded flights for commutes between her Southern California home and her Sacramento headquarters. In addition, Official A stated that she was allowed to claim lodging and per diem expenses in Sacramento, her official headquarters location. After Official B left state employment in 2003, other spill office officials, including officials C and D, approved Official A's travel claims. Officials C and D also allowed her to continue to commute at the State's expense and to receive reimbursements for expenses incurred near her official headquarters.

When we spoke with officials C and D, they indicated that they were aware that officials A and B had some form of informal agreement that allowed Official A to receive reimbursements for expenses incurred near her Sacramento headquarters. However, it appears that officials A and B never documented this arrangement. Even if the agreement had been formally documented, these actions violated state regulations, which do not allow state employees to receive payments for travel expenses incurred near their headquarters or for their commute between home and headquarters. We were unable to contact Official B to confirm his arrangement with Official A, but we believe that such an informal agreement likely existed. Nevertheless, Official B lacked the authority to make such an arrangement.

We recommended Fish and Game seek to recover the amount it reimbursed Official A for her improper travel expenses. If it is unable to recover all of the reimbursement, Fish and Game should explain and document its reasons for not seeking recovery.

Fish and Game's Action: Pending.

Fish and Game responded that it is investigating the activities related to this case and determining the appropriate legal and administrative actions warranted, including taking necessary corrective measures or disciplinary actions. In addition, after we provided Fish and Game with a draft copy of this report in April 2009, it produced a document signed by Official B in 2002 that requested Official A's position to be moved from Sacramento to a regional spill office location in Southern California. Fish and Game personnel approved this request; however, it appears this document was not forwarded to the Department of Personnel Administration as required for approval. Thus, the position change was never properly formalized. Further, Official B lacked the authority to allow Official A to receive payments for travel expenses incurred near her official headquarters in Sacramento or for her commute between home and headquarters.

Finding #2: Fish and Game should have been aware that Official A's travel expenses were improper.

Our investigation determined that Fish and Game should have been aware that Official A's travel expenses did not adhere to state regulations and were therefore improper. After Official A's travel claims were reviewed and approved by other high-ranking spill office officials, the spill office routed the travel claims to Fish and Game's accounting department for processing and reimbursement. For the vast majority of the travel expense claims that Official A submitted for reimbursement for the period

we reviewed, Official A listed on the claim forms her residential address and wrote "same" for her headquarters address. However, Fish and Game accounting staff never questioned Official A about the actual location of her headquarters. Nevertheless, we found eight examples among Official A's travel claims on which Fish and Game accounting employees asked Official A either to clarify the purpose of her trips or to provide other information. Although Fish and Game accounting staff did not question Official A specifically about the location of her headquarters, she responded at least twice to them that she had an office in Southern California and one in Sacramento. Because state regulations define headquarters as a single location, accounting staff should have elevated this issue to Fish and Game management to ensure that Official A's travel claims were appropriate.

We recommended that Fish and Game take specific actions to improve its review process for travel expense claims.

Fish and Game Action: Pending.

Fish and Game reported that it is reviewing the workpapers supporting our report and that it will provide a final response once it has completed its review.