DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Its Flawed Administration of the California Indian Education Center Program Prevents It From Effectively Evaluating, Funding, and Monitoring the Program

Audit Highlights . . .

Our review of the management of the California Indian Education Center program (program) by the Department of Education (department) found that:

- ☑ Because the department has largely ignored the existing guidance for administering the program, it cannot ensure that the program is successfully meeting the established goals or the needs of the communities it serves.
- ☑ The department did not ensure that California Indian Education Centers (centers) reported all the annual data required by law to measure performance.
- ☑ The department has no record of the centers' assessments of needs called for by the guidelines adopted by the State Board of Education and thus has no way of knowing whether the services the centers assert they provide are those most needed by the populations they serve.

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Department of Education's response as of October 2006

The Joint Legislative Audit Committee (audit committee) requested that the Bureau of State Audits review the Department of Education's (department) administration of the California Indian Education Center program (program), how it determines funding for the California Indian Education Centers (centers), and how it evaluates them. Specifically, the audit committee asked us to determine the department's roles and responsibilities related to the centers and to review and evaluate the department's existing policies, procedures, and practices for administering the program and monitoring the centers. The audit committee was also interested in any written procedures the department has developed to guide program administration. In addition, it asked us to review the department's funding structure for the program and how it appropriates funds to administer the program.

Further, the audit committee requested that we assess the reasonableness of the department's uses of program funds; determine whether it has directed sufficient resources to the program in general and sufficient management attention to completing the program evaluation report that was due to the Legislature on January 1, 2006; and review the department's document retention policies and practices. Finally, the audit committee asked us to review and evaluate the department's process for allocating and disbursing funds to the centers. We found that, despite established guidance, the department has not adequately administered the program and consequently cannot ensure that the program is successfully meeting the goals established in law or the needs of the communities it serves.

Finding #1: The department does not know how the program is performing.

Despite established guidance, the department has not adequately administered the program and consequently cannot ensure that the program is successfully meeting the goals established in law or the needs of the communities it serves. To address the challenges facing

- ✓ Though submitted to the Legislature on time, the department's evaluation of the program lacks sufficient analysis to adequately support its recommendations to improve the program.
- ☑ The department is unable to justify its basis either for selecting centers to receive funding or for determining the annual amount of funding it grants each center.
- ☑ The department has not always promptly disbursed funds to the centers.
- ☑ The department lacks a monitoring process to ensure that centers spend funds appropriately, pursue program goals, and report accurate data.

American Indian students enrolled in California's public schools—low academic achievement at all grade levels, high dropout rates, and few students continuing their education beyond high school—the Legislature established the program in 1974. The legislation indicated that the centers should serve as educational resources for American Indian students, their parents, and the public schools. In addition, to guide the operation of the centers, the Legislature established a set of goals, such as improving the academic achievement, self-concept, and employment opportunities of American Indian students and adults. From its initial 10 centers funded by a total of \$400,000 in grants, the program has grown to comprise 30 centers that annually receive more than \$4.4 million in total funding as of fiscal year 2005–06. If not reauthorized, the program is set to end on January 1, 2007.

The department is required by state law to administer and oversee the program and receives guidance from legislation as well as internal policies. For instance, state law requires the department to collect data annually to measure the academic performance of the students the centers serve and how well the centers are meeting the goals established by law. Additionally, although no regulations govern the program, state law requires the State Board of Education (board) to adopt guidelines for selecting and administering the centers. The guidelines the board adopted in 1975 require, among other things, that centers design their programs after assessing the needs of their respective communities. Internal guidance comes from the department's 2001 Grant Administration Handbook (handbook), which guides the administration of programs funded by grants similar to those used in this program. The handbook stipulates that the department establish a competitive process to objectively select grant recipients, a monitoring plan to ensure that grant recipients appropriately implement the program, and a document retention and filing process to effect stable program administration and clear communication between the department and the centers.

However, the department has largely ignored the existing guidance for administering the program and therefore has little means of determining program effectiveness. For example, until 2005 the department did not ensure that centers reported the annual academic performance data of their students.

Another indication of the department's flawed administration of the program is its inability to fully justify its basis either for initially selecting centers to receive funding or for determining the annual amount of funding it grants each center. According to the handbook, it should select grant recipients following a competitive process, which includes an objective scoring methodology and independent raters. However, the department could not demonstrate that it used a competitive process to select the most recent centers currently funded. Further, although program staff state that the department's sole basis for computing the amount that each center receives is the amount granted in the previous fiscal year, it has not consistently followed that method.

Further, the department has not always promptly disbursed funds to the centers. Despite the department's informal policy that it would issue the first of three annual installment payments to centers with approved applications an estimated six to 10 weeks after the governor signs the state budget, in fiscal year 2003–04 the centers did not receive their first grant allocations until December—18 weeks after the budget was approved.

Finally, the department lacks a monitoring process to ensure that centers spend funds appropriately, pursue program goals, and report accurate data to the department. Without operating policies and procedures outlining how staff should consistently administer the program, the department may create confusion among the centers. The department indicates that it is attempting to improve its administration of the program by proposing more detailed legislation to reauthorize the program and by developing a plan for monitoring the centers, but these efforts are too preliminary for us to assess.

To ensure that it administers the program clearly, consistently, and effectively, we recommended that the department develop operating policies and procedures specific to the program and train staff in their application. The policies and procedures should include the following:

- A description of the data that centers must annually report to measure program performance and a standardized format for reporting to allow the department to effectively aggregate and consolidate the data for reports to the Legislature and other interested parties. Further, the department should outline the consequences for failing to submit the data.
- An equitable process to select centers to receive grant awards and determine their respective funding amounts.
- A set time frame that it adheres to for disbursing payments to the centers once their applications are received and approved. The time frame for the first payment can be expressed as a set number of weeks after enactment of the state budget for centers with approved applications.
- A centralized filing system that contains all documents pertinent to the grant program, including documentation of the technical assistance provided to the centers.
- A monitoring process and plan to ensure that reported fiscal and program information is accurate and complete, including a process for corrective action and departmental follow-up for noncompliance.
- A set schedule indicating how long program records are to be kept.

Department's Action: Partial corrective action taken.

According to the department, there is legislation (SB 1710) that, when enacted on January 1, 2007, will change the program's application and reporting requirements beginning in fiscal year 2007–08. In the interim, the department adopted certain operational policies and procedures that included:

- Developing the fiscal year 2006–07 application packets that instruct the centers on what they are required to report. Training on the application process was provided to center directors in January and May 2006.
- Revising the end-of-year report to address all statutory reporting requirements after receiving
 input from the center directors. The report was designed so that the information could be
 aggregated and consolidated, and clear consequences were communicated for failure of the
 centers to report the information required.
- When SB 1710 is enacted, the department stated it would follow policies and procedures in accordance with the new statute for selecting centers to receive grant awards and determine funding amounts.
- The department indicated that it had included set time frames within which it would make periodic payments to the centers in a letter to the centers' directors. However, the letter to which the department refers does not contain this information.
- Establishing a centralized filing system for the center grant program.
- Scheduling 10 centers for monitoring visits during fiscal year 2006–07. The department was silent concerning a process to ensure corrective actions are taken when needed and followed-up for compliance.
- Approving a record retention schedule that indicates how long various records will be retained.

Finding #2: With staff unaware of guidelines requiring needs assessments, the department does not know if centers have designed their programs to meet community needs.

The department has no record of the centers' needs assessments on file and thus has no way of knowing whether the services the centers assert they are providing are the services most needed by the populations they serve.

To ensure that centers use program funds effectively, we recommended that the department ensure that they periodically conduct needs assessments as required by the guidelines adopted by the board.

If the Legislature decides to reauthorize the program, we recommended that it consider requiring annual or biannual reports from the department to monitor the progress of the program and supplement the report the department submitted to the Legislature by the due date of January 1, 2006. Alternatively, the Legislature might want to extend the life of the program in one- or two-year increments to augment the data available for evaluation.

Department's Action: Pending.

When SB 1710 is enacted, the centers will be required to conduct and submit the results of a needs assessment as part of the 2007 through 2012 application cycle.

Legislative Action: None.

The Legislature did not choose to implement our suggestions regarding our recommendation for considering requiring the department to submit annual or biannual reports monitoring the progress of the program or, alternatively, extending the program in one- or two-year increments.