APPENDIX B

Summary of Monetary Benefits Identified In Audit Reports Released From July 1, 2001, Through December 31, 2003

than \$441 million of monetary benefits during the period July 1, 2001, through December 31, 2003, if they implemented our recommendations. Table B.1 provides a brief description of the monetary benefits we found such as cost recoveries, cost savings, and increased revenues. Finally, many of the monetary benefits we have identified are not only one-time benefits; they are monetary benefits that could be realized each year for many years to come.

TABLE B.1

Monetary Benefits July 1, 2001, Through December 31, 2003

Audit Number/ Date Released	Audit Title/Basis of Benefit	Monetary Benefit
	July 1, 2001, Through June 30, 2002	
2001-102 (July 2001)	Department of Insurance Conservation and Liquidation Office: Stronger Oversight Is Needed to Properly Safeguard Insurance Companies' Assets	\$1,728,000
	Cost savings and cost recovery—Recovery of overpayment to a contractor for \$43,000 and recovery of reinsurance not yet billed at \$1,385,000. In addition, cost savings of \$300,000 under CLO's new contract with its investment managers, which will recur for many years. The CLO reported that it recovered the overpayment as of December 21, 2001.	
2001-107 (October 2001)	Port of Oakland: Despite Its Overall Financial Success, Recent Events May Hamper Expansion Plans That Would Likely Benefit the Port and the Public	7,500,000
	Increased revenue—If the real estate division were to renegotiate its below-market leases to approximately 25 percent of their aggregate estimated fair market value, it could increase annual revenues. In 2002, three of the Port's below-market leases expired. If the Port renegotiated these leases to 25 percent of market value, the Port would realize over \$7.5 million annually.	
2001-108 (November 2001)	California Department of Corrections: Its Fiscal Practices and Internal Controls Are Inadequate to Ensure Fiscal Responsibility	907,000
	Cost savings and cost recovery.—Recover \$24,000 of overpayment on overhead, save \$150,000 of future overhead costs through fiscal year 2002–03, save \$733,000 by eliminating unneeded contractor, which will recur for many years, and save \$42 million spent on overtime by filing vacant positions, which will recur for many years. We estimate that savings for fiscal year 2002–03 could be \$883,000 (\$150,000 plus \$733,000) and savings of \$733,000 annually for periods thereafter. However, since it may take CDC a few years to fill its vacant positions, it is not unreasonable to expect CDC to incrementally realize overtime cost savings over a five-year period starting in fiscal year 2001–02.	

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Audit Number/ Date Released	Audit Title/Basis of Benefit	Monetary Benefit
2001-120 (March 2002)	School Bus Safety II: State Law Intended to Make School Bus Transportation Safer Is Costing More Than Expected	\$235,800,000
	Cost savings—We recommended that the Legislature clarify what activities are reimbursable. In 2002, the Legislature passed Assembly Bill 2781, which specifies that costs associated with implementation of transportation plans are not reimbursable claims. Costs for a six-year period ending June 30, 2002, were \$235.8 million and the ongoing costs after June 30, 2002, are \$44.3 million each year thereafter.	
2001-128 (April 2002)	Enterprise Licensing Agreement: The State Failed to Exercise Due Diligence When Contracting With Oracle, Potentially Costing Taxpayers Millions of Dollars	*
	<u>Cost savings</u> —The State and Oracle agreed to rescind the contract in July 2002. As a result, we estimate the State will save \$8,120,000 per year for five years starting in fiscal year 2002–03.	
2001-116 (April 2002)	San Diego Unified Port District : It Should Change Certain Practices to Better Protect the Public's Interests in Port-Managed Resources	*
	<u>Increased revenue</u> —We estimate an increase in revenue of \$700,000 per year by obtaining market value rents. This monetary benefit will recur for many years, however, it is not anticipated to begin until 2007.	
2001-124 (June 2002)	Los Angeles Unified School District: Outdated, Scarce Textbooks at Some Schools Appear to Have a Lesser Effect on Academic Performance Than Other Factors, but the District Should Improve Its Management of Textbook Purchasing and Inventory	1,762,000
	<u>Cost savings</u> —We found that some publishers are not equitably providing free instructional materials (commonly referred to as gratis items) to different schools within LAUSD, as state law requires. Subsequently, LAUSD reports that it negotiated with publishers and thus far one publisher has actually provided approximately \$300,000 in gratis items.	
	Total for July 1, 2001, Through June 30, 2002	\$247,697,000
	July 1, 2002, Through June 30, 2003	
2001-123 (July 2002)	Deaf and Disabled Telecommunications Program: Insufficient Monitoring of Surcharge Revenues Combined With Imprudent Use of Public Funds Leave Less Money Available for Program Services	\$268,000
	<u>Cost savings</u> —Represents \$200,000 in known unremitted collections from intrastate telecommunication charges and \$68,000 in penalties and interest due for 2000 and 2001.	
2002-101 (July 2002)	California Department of Corrections: A Shortage of Correctional Officers, Along With Costly Labor Agreement Provisions, Raises Both Fiscal and Safety Concerns and Limits Management's Control	*
	Cost savings—We estimate the department could save \$58 million if it reduces overtime costs by filling unmet correctional officer needs. This estimate includes the \$42 million we identified in our November 2001 report (2001-108). The department stated in its six-month response to this audit that, following our recommendation to increase the number of correctional officer applicants, it has submitted a proposal to restructure its academy to allow two additional classes each year. This action could potentially allow the department to graduate several hundred more correctional officers each year, thereby potentially contributing to a reduction in its overtime costs. However, any savings from this action would be realized in future periods.	
2002-107 (October 2002)	Office of Criminal Justice Planning: Experiences Problems in Program Administration, and Alternative Administrative Structures for the Domestic Violence Program Might Improve Program Delivery	23,000

Audit Number/ Date Released	Audit Title/Basis of Benefit			Monetary Benefit
2002-109 (December 2002)	Department o Medical Equipm Expenditures on	\$ 911,000		
	Cost savings—I 2002–03 had it remained the sa 2003–04, the o stationary volument taken place			
2002-009 (April 2003)	California Energ of Water Resour	29,000,000		
	Cost savings—certain energy of the potential coby the departm to be \$580 mil annual cost sav will be realized year from approximations.			
	Annualized carr	ry forward from prior fiscal years:		64,103,000
	2000-134.2	Energy Deregulation [†]	\$ 3,000,000	
	2001-102	Department of Insurance Conservation and Liquidation Office	d 300,000	
	2001-107	Port of Oakland	7,500,000	
	2001-108	California Department of Corrections	883,000	
	2001-120	School Bus Safety II	44,300,000	
	2001-128	Enterprise Licensing Agreement	8,120,000	
	Subtotal		\$64,103,000	
	Total for July 1, 2002, Through June 30, 2003			\$94,305,000
	July 1, 2003, Through December 31, 2003			
2002-121 (July 2003)		Data Exists on the Number and Liability Concerns and oment	1,000,000	
	<u>Increased revenue</u> —CalEPA would have received up to an additional \$1 million in revenues if it had applied for a one-time federal grant.			
2003-106 (October 2003)	State Mandate Structural Reform	ed Highlights the Need for	4,800,000	
	Cost savings—If the local entities we audited file corrected claims for the errors we identified, the State will save \$4.8 million (\$4.1 million related to the Peace Officers Procedural Bill of Rights mandate and \$675,000 related to the Animal Adoption mandate). We also recommended that the State Controller's Office audit the Peace Officers Procedural Bill of Rights claims that have been filed. We believe that such audits could yield savings of up to \$159.6 million.			
2003-102 (December 2003)	Water Quality Improvement Pr	301,000		
	<u>Increased revenue</u> —We identified 92 violations that require fine issuance and collection of the fines and three fines that were issued but not collected. The board could increase its revenue if it collected these fines.			

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Audit Number/ Date Released		Audit Title/Basis of Benefit		Monetary Benefit
	Annualized carr	\$ 92,976,000		
	2000-134.2	Energy Deregulation	\$ 3,000,000	
	2001-102	Department of Insurance Conservation and Liquidation Office	300,000	
	2001-107	Port of Oakland	7,500,000	
	2001-108	California Department of Corrections	733,000	
	2001-120	School Bus Safety II	44,300,000	
	2001-128	Enterprise Licensing Agreement	8,120,000	
	2002-107	Office of Criminal Justice Planning	23,000	
	2002-009	California Energy Markets	29,000,000	
	Subtotal		\$92,976,000	
	Totals for July	1, 2003, Through December 31, 2003		\$98,077,000
	Totals for July	1, 2001, Through June 30, 2003		\$342,002,000
	Totals for July	1, 2001, Through December 31, 2003		\$440,079,000

^{*} Although this listing identified monetary benefits the auditee could reasonably expect to realize if it implements our recommendations, these benefits would not be realized in the period covered in this listing. Therefore, the appropriate amounts will be included in future years.

[†] We issued report 2000-134.2 on Energy Deregulation in May 2001. Cost savings is from the annual maintenance cost of a Web site that we recommended be eliminated because it is not needed. This cost savings will recur for many years.